





2022

Dacia Spring

33 kW electric FWD automatic



10.0

Clean Air Index 9.8

Energy Efficiency Index 10.0



Greenhouse Gas Index



	Laboratory Test	NMHC	NO _x	NH ₃	со	PN
10.0 /10	Cold Test					
10.0 /10	Warm Test					
10.0 /10	Highway					
10.0 /10	Cold Ambient Test					
	Road Test					
10.0 /10	On-Road Drive					
5.0 /5	On-Road Short Trip					
8.0 /8	On-Road Heavy Load					
5.0 /5	On-Road Light Load					
2.0 /2	Congestion					













Comments

The Dacia Spring is a pure electric vehicle and no pollutants are emitted at the tailpipe. Accordingly, the car scores the maximum in this part of the assessment.

Energy Efficiency Tests

	Laboratory Test	Energy		
10.0 /10	Cold Test		\rightarrow	16.2 kWh/100 km
10.0 /10	Warm Test		\rightarrow	16.2 kWh/100 km
9.6 /10	Highway		\rightarrow	23.0 kWh/100 km
9.6 /10	Cold Ambient Test		\rightarrow	22.5 kWh/100 km
		Consumptio	on	Driving Range
	Average	18.5 kWh/100) km	180 km
	Worst-case	23.0 kWh/100) km	141 km













Comments

Due to its pure electric powertrain and light weight, Dacia's compact city car receives full points in three out of four tests, with energy consumption which is lower than Green NCAP's maximum-points threshold. The consumption is significantly increased in the highway test and this is where a fraction of a point is lost. 89% of the energy withdrawn from the electrical grid is available at the output side of the battery, indicating an efficient charging and discharging process. The Spring's top speed is limited to 125 km/h and the results shall be compared to those of other cars with caution.

Greenhouse gases	CO2	N ₂ O	CH ₄	
10.0 /10 Cold Test				
10.0 /10 Warm Test				
10.0 /10 Highway				
10.0 /10 Cold Ambient Test				











adequate marginal

Comments

The Greenhouse Gas Index is based on a Well-to-Wheel+ approach, meaning that the greenhouse gas emissions related to the supply of energy are added to the tailpipe emissions, but not yet the emissions of the vehicle's production. Since the Dacia Spring is a battery electric vehicle, its greenhouse gas emissions originate only from the upstream processes of electricity supply. Thanks to the low energy consumption of the vehicle and the relatively low CO₂ emissions of European electricity production, the Spring scores maximum points in this part of the assessment.



Update October 2022: The results of the Cold Ambient Test have been updated, the rating results remain unchanged.

Dacia's new electric model – the Spring – is a compact city vehicle of a SUV design. Its modest power of 33 kW limits the dynamic characterisitcs, but will appeal to those looking for functional, clean, efficient and affordable individual urban mobility. At 23°C ambient temperature, a driving range of about 140 km can be expected on the Highway. The test results prove the Spring to be an environmentally friendly car, not only due to the absence of local pollutant emissions but also because of its low energy consumption. With 5 Green Stars and an overall index of 9.9, Dacia's super mini sets an example to others.

$\textbf{Disclaimer} \,\, {}^{\underline{\sigma}}$

Specfications

Publication Date 08 2022

Tested Car JU1DBG006MU01xxx Tyres 165/70 R14 81H Emissions Class

Mass 970 kg Engine Size n.a.

System Power/Torque 33 kW/125 Nm Declared CO₂ n.a.

Declared Battery Capacity 26.8 kWh Declared Driving Range Overall 230 km City 314 km Declared Consumption 13.9 kWh/100 km

